

# 2019 Annual Report

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### Town of Algoma Winnebago County, Wisconsin December 31, 2019

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### ANNUAL REPORT For the Town of Algoma

For the year ending December 31, 2019

Important phone numbers:					
TOWN OF ALGOMA	(920) 235-3789				
Building Inspector	(920) 233-1999				
Algoma Sanitary District No. 1 Sewer & Water	(920) 426-0335				
Advanced Disposal Services	(920) 685-6666				
Fire –EMERGENCY NON-EMERGENCY	911 (920) 233-5905				

### TOWN MEETING SCHEDULE

MEETING	LOCATION	DAYS/TIMES
Annual Meeting	Algoma Town Hall 15 N Oakwood Road Oshkosh, WI 54904	Third Wednesday in April at 5:45 PM unless changed for the following year at the Annual Meeting
Economic  Development Meeting	Algoma Town Hall 15 N Oakwood Road Oshkosh, WI 54904	Every First Wednesday at 6:00 PM
Planning Commission Meeting	Algoma Town Hall 15 N Oakwood Road Oshkosh, WI 54904	Every Second Wednesday at 6:00 PM
Town Board Meeting	Algoma Town Hall 15 N Oakwood Road Oshkosh, WI 54904	Every Third Wednesday at 6:00 PM
Parks Committee Meeting	Algoma Town Hall 15 N. Oakwood Road Oshkosh, WI 54904	Every Last Wednesday at 6:00 PM

All meetings are open to the public
Agendas are posted at:
Town Hall – 15 N. Oakwood Road
Service Oil – 2531 Omro Road
For Agendas and Minutes please visit
www.townofalgoma.org

### Town Officials

CHAIRPERSON	Joel Rasmussen 3297 Creek Side Drive	(920) 410-2311
SUPERVISORS	Patricia Frohrib 1862 Sunkist Road	(920) 233-7667
	Patricia "Petey" Clark 1680 Rasmussen Road	(920) 379-8359
	Chris Wright 1425 Russett Lane	(920) 642-0280
	Davida Balda 4231 Westview Ln	(920) 235-3789
ADMINISTRATOR	Richard Heath 15 N Oakwood Road	(920) 235-3789
TREASURER	Sue Drexler 15 N Oakwood Road	(920) 235-3789
CLERK	Deborah Stark 15 N Oakwood Rd	(920) 235-3789
ADMINISTRATIVE ASSIT.	Rhonda Schrage 15 N Oakwood Road	(920) 235-3789
FIRE CHIEF	Scott Groth 2622 Omro Road	(920) 233-5905
ASST. FIRE CHIEF	Kevin Sawicki 2622 Omro Road	(920) 233-5905

### TOWN OFFICIALS

ASST. FIRE CHIEF	Keith Breu 2622 Omro Road	(920) 233-5905
FIRE INSPECTORS	Scott Groth 2622 Omro Road	(920) 233-5905
	Kevin Sawicki 2622 Omro Road	(920) 233-5905
	Paul Friday 2622 Omro Road	(920) 233-5905
1ST RESPONDER CHAIR	Tanner Harrington 2622 Omro Road	(920) 233-5905
ROAD/DRAINAGE COORDINATOR	Open Position	
ASSESSOR	Action Appraisers P.O. Box 557 Kaukauna, WI 54130	(920) 766-7323
BUILDING INSPECTOR	Dave Frank 15 N Oakwood Road	(920) 233-1999

Building Inspector and Road/Drainage Coordinator are available by appointment only.

Town Hall Office Hours Monday-Thursday 9:00 AM—5:00 PM Friday 9:00 AM—1:00 PM

### PLANNING COMMISSION

The Town Chair with the approval of the Town Board appointed the following individuals to serve on a Planning Commission, which meets the second Wednesday of each month at 6:00 PM. Their focus is to review zoning changes, certified survey maps, and conditional use permits, and ensure that any land use variances follow the Town Comprehensive Plan. They serve as volunteers.

Chair

Patricia "Petey" Clark

1680 Rasmussen Road

Vice Chair

Audra Hoy

275 Thackery Drive

Member

Ethan Firgens

1885 Greenbriar Tr

Member

Mark Thompson

3375 Sheppard Drive

Member

Kristine Timm

1588 Sheboygan Street

Member

**Daniel Martin** 

2809 Pine Ridge Road

Member

Ian McDonald

3041 Rosewood Lane

### PARKS COMMITTEE

The Town Chair with the approval of the Town Board appointed the following individuals to serve on a Parks Committee, which meets the last Wednesday of each month at 6:00 PM. Their focus is to address current and future (Parks and Recreation) needs in the Town of Algoma by following the Town Comprehensive Plan. They serve as volunteers.

Chair

**Curt Clark** 

1680 Rasmussen Road

Vice Chair

David Balda

4231 Westview Ln

Member

**Chris Wright** 

1425 Russett Lane

Member

Tom McInnis

3103 Rosewood Lane

Member

Mike Dudzinski

4103 Meadowview Lane

### **ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT COMMITTEE**

The Town Chair with the approval of the Town Board appointed the following individuals to serve on the Economic Development Committee, which meets the first Wednesday of each month at 6:00 PM. Their focus is on commercial, residential and business growth. They also serve as volunteers.

Chair

Patricia Frohrib

1862 Sunkist Road

Vice Chair

Allison Gamble

3365 Nelson Road

Member

Audra Hoy

275 Thackery Drive

Member

Tim Eddy

3062 Woodridge Drive

Member

Jeff Krueger

3180 Omro Road

Member

Sara Vollbrecht

1600 Rasmussen Road

### Polling Locations

Town of Algoma Polling Places	Hours
Algoma Municipal Building	7:00 AM—8:00 PM
15 N. Oakwood Road	
Oshkosh, WI 54904	
Wards: 1, 2, 7-10	
All Saints Lutheran Church	7:00 AM—8:00 PM
1072 Honey Creek Road	
Oshkosh, WI 54904	
Wards: 3-6	

### Registering to vote

If you reside in the Town of Algoma and would like to vote, you must first register. This can be done in the clerk's office during regular business hours, on Election Day at the polls or on <a href="mayote.wi.gov">myvote.wi.gov</a>. Be sure to bring your photo identification and proof of residency when registering to vote.

To register to vote, you must meet the following criteria:

- 1. You must be 18 years of age on or before Election Day.
- 2. You must have been a resident of the town a minimum of 10 consecutive days prior to Election Day with no present intent to move.
- 3. You must be a United States Citizen.
- You cannot be a convicted felon still required to report to a probation or parole officer.
- 5. Adjudicated Incompetent.

### Additional Voting Information

There are **ten** wards and **three** County Supervisory Districts in the Town of Algoma. For the voters and for reporting purposes to the County, our wards are combined, except when voting on information pertaining to County Board Supervisory Districts and schools. Most of the town is in the Oshkosh Area School District, but there are a few voters that fall within the Omro School District.

### **Town of Algoma County Supervisors are as follows:**

24th County Supervisory District

Andy Buck 3022 Clairville Road, Oshkosh, WI 54904

Wards 1,7,& 9

31st County Supervisory District

Joel Rasmussen 3297 Creek Side Drive, Oshkosh, WI 54904

Wards 2,3,4,5,6 & 8 (920) 410-2311

32nd County Supervisory District

Robert Keller 975 E. County Road Z, Oshkosh, WI 54902

Ward 10 (920)379-0717

Town of Algoma State Representatives are as follows:

53<sup>rd</sup> Assembly District Room 107 West, Capital

Mike Schraa (R) P.O. Box 895

Madison, WI 53708

(608) 267-7990 or 1-888-534-0053

Rep.Schraa@legis.wisconsin.gov

18<sup>th</sup> Senate District Room 306 South, Capital

Dan Feyen (R) P.O. Box 7882

Madison, WI 53707

(608) 266-5300

Sen.Feyen@legis.wi.gov

### Additional Voting Information

### 6th Congressional District

Glenn Grothman (R)

1217 Longworth H.O.B.

Washington, DC 20515

(202) 225-2476

https://grothman.house.gov/

24 West Pioneer Road

Fond Du Lac, WI 54935

(920) 907-0624

### Senators of the 113th Congress

Tammy Baldwin, (D)

709 Hart Senate Office Building

Washington, D.C. 20510

(202) 224-5653

www.baldwin.senate.gov/

Ron Johnson (R)

328 Hart Senate Office Building

Washington, D.C. 20510

(202) 224-5323

www.ronjohnson.senate.gov/

### ALGOMA SANITARY DISTRICT #1 OFFICIALS

COMMISSIONER PRESIDENT	Chad Hayes 4385 Harbor Village D Omro, WI 54963	(920) 379-8610 r
COMMISSIONER / TREASURER	Peter Cernohous 1556 Hayden Drive	(920) 651-0636
COMMISSIONER / SECRETARY	Sue Drexler 2222 Moore Is	(920) 292-0608
UTILITY DIRECTOR	Kevin Mraz 3477 Miller Drive	(920) 426-0335
WATER / WASTEWATER OPERATORS	Dan Benson 3477 Miller Drive	(920) 426-0335
	Jared Fahrenkrut 3477 Miller Drive	(920) 426-0335
	Brendan Guenther 3477 Miller Drive	(920) 426-0335
ACCOUNTING MANAGER	Michael Claffey 3477 Miller Drive	(920) 426-0335
UTILITY CLERK	Sara Gonzales 3477 Miller Drive	(920) 426-0335

### ALGOMA SANITARY DISTRICT #1 INFORMATION

Sanitary District meetings are held at
Algoma Sanitary District #1
3477 Miller Drive
Oshkosh, WI 54904
Second Thursday of each month at 12:00 PM
All meetings are open to the public

### **District Office Hours**

The office is open Monday through Friday 8:00 AM –12:00 PM & 12:30 PM - 4:30 PM

Office Number

(920) 426-0335

**Emergency Pager** 

(920) 258-1030

Fax

(920) 426-1181

E mail:

district.office@algomasd.org

Website Address

http://www.algomasd.org

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ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

December 31, 2019



**CLAconnect.com** 

WEALTH ADVISORY
OUTSOURCING
AUDIT, TAX, AND
CONSULTING

DECEMBER 31, 2019

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### Independent auditors' report

To the Town Board Town of Algoma Winnebago County, Wisconsin

### REPORT ON THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Algoma, Winnebago County ("the Town") as of and for the year ended December 31, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Town's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

#### MANAGEMENT'S RESPONSIBILITY FOR THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

### **AUDITORS' RESPONSIBILITY**

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditors consider internal control relevant to the Town's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.



#### **OPINIONS**

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town as of December 31, 2019, and the respective changes in financial position and the budgetary comparison for the General Fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### **EMPHASIS OF MATTER**

As described in Note 1.B., during 2019, the Town adopted new accounting guidance, Statement No. 84, *Fiduciary Activities*. As a result, the Town established a custodial fund for taxes and special charges collected for other governments. In prior years, these amounts were reported in an agency fund. Our opinions are not modified with respect to this matter.

### OTHER MATTERS

#### **Prior Year Comparative Information**

We have previously audited the Town's 2018 financial statements, and our report dated April 10, 2019, expressed unmodified opinions on those respective financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information from which the prior year summarized financial information was derived. In our opinion, the summarized comparative information presented herein as of and for the year ended December 31, 2018, is consistent, in all material respects, with the audited financial statements from which it has been derived.

### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the schedules relating to pensions on page 32 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Management has omitted the management's discussion and analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinions on the basic financial statements are not affected by this missing information.

#### Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Town's basic financial statements. The financial information listed in the table of contents as supplementary information is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The supplementary information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the supplementary information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

We also previously audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, the basic financial statements of the Town as of and for the year ended December 31, 2018, and have issued our report thereon dated April 10, 2019, which contained unmodified opinions on the respective financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information. The nonmajor combining information for the year ended December 31, 2018 is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the 2018 financial statements. The nonmajor combining information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the 2018 basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare those financial statements or to those financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the nonmajor combining information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole for the year ended December 31, 2018.

### OTHER REPORTING REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated April 8, 2020, on our consideration of the Town's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Town's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

CliftonLarsonAllen LLP

Clifton Larson Allen LLP

Sheboygan, Wisconsin

April 8, 2020

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION
DECEMBER 31, 2019
WITH COMPARATIVE AMOUNTS AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2018

	Governmental Activities			
	2019	2018		
ASSETS	•	-		
Cash and investments	\$ 2,296,013	\$ 2,493,662		
Receivables				
Taxes and special charges	683,345	682,549		
Delinquent taxes	115	-		
Special assessments	97,415	6,215		
Prepaid items	19,031	16,289		
Restricted assets	400.000	05 500		
Cash and investments	100,098	85,523		
Net pension asset	-	22,724		
Capital assets	CE 1.050	F10 403		
Nondepreciable	654,058	518,423		
Depreciable, net	4,122,605	4,543,686		
Total assets	7,972,680	8,369,071		
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Pension related amounts	89,192	44,787		
LIABILITIES				
Accounts payable	74,940	151,151		
Accrued and other current liabilities	26,338	22,886		
Special deposits	33,111	38,611		
Long-term obligations				
Due within one year	120,000	120,000		
Due in more than one year	360,000	480,000		
Net pension liability	32,987			
Total liabilities	647,376	812,648		
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Property taxes levied for subsequent year	1,221,931	1,216,665		
Special charges levied for subsequent year	435,786	365,173		
Pension related amounts	47,686	46,353		
Total deferred inflows of resources	1,705,403	1,628,191		
NET POCITION				
NET POSITION  Not investment in capital assets	4,296,663	4,462,109		
Net investment in capital assets Restricted	4,290,003 99,162	108,058		
Unrestricted	1,313,268	1,402,852		
Total net position	\$ 5,709,093	\$ 5,973,019		

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019
WITH SUMMARIZED FINANCIAL INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

					Progr	am Revenue	5		
Functions/Programs		Expenses		Charges for Services		Operating Grants and Contributions		Capital Grants and Contributions	
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES									
General government	\$	374,332	\$	84,583	\$	-	\$	-	
Public safety		593,339		28,580		26,805		-	
Public works		1,492,852		551,362		249,596		-	
Health and human services		2,748		-		29,850		<del></del>	
Culture and recreation		89,920		11,871		-		500	
Conservation and development		18,740		2,700		-		-	
Interest and fiscal charges		17,885							
Total governmental activities	_\$	2,589,816	\$	679,096	\$	306,251	\$	500	

General revenues

Taxes

Property taxes

Federal and state grants and other contributions

not restricted to specific functions

Interest and investment earnings

Miscellaneous

Total general revenues

Change in net position

Net position - January 1

Net position - December 31

### Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position

Governmental Activities					
	2019		2018		
		<u> </u>			
\$	(289,749)	\$	(270,047)		
	(537,954)		(390,225)		
	(691,894)		(762,182)		
	27,102		24,114		
	(77,549)		(18,724)		
	(16,040)		(31,005)		
	(17,885)		(1,633)		
	(1,603,969)		(1,449,702)		
	1,220,218		1,069,313		
	61,160		61,154		
	31,143		21,237		
	27,522		12,914		
	1,340,043		1,164,618		
	(263,926)		(285,084)		
	5,973,019		6,258,103		
\$	5,709,093	\$	5,973,019		

BALANCE SHEET
GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
DECEMBER 31, 2019
WITH SUMMARIZED FINANCIAL INFORMATION AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2018

			Other Governmental		Totals			
		General	-	Funds		2019 2018		
ASSETS								
Cash and investments	\$	2,296,013	\$		\$	2,296,013	\$	2,493,662
Restricted cash and investments		3,643		96,455		100,098		85,523
Receivables								
Taxes and special charges		683,345		-		683,345		682,549
Delinquent taxes		115		-		115		-
Special assessments		97,415		-		97,415		6,215
Due from other funds		-		1,012		1,012		176
Prepaid items		19,031	<u> </u>			19,031		16,289
Total assets	<u>\$</u>	3,099,562	\$	97,467	\$	3,197,029	\$	3,284,414
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities								
Accounts payable	\$	72,992	\$	1,948	\$	74,940	\$	151,151
Accrued and other current liabilities	,	26,338	,	•	·	26,338	·	22,886
Due to other funds		1,012		_		1,012		176
Special deposits	,	33,111		-		33,111		38,611
Total liabilities		133,453		1,948		135,401		212,824
Deferred inflows of resources								
Property taxes levied for subsequent year		1,221,931		_		1,221,931		1,216,665
Special charges levied for subsequent year		435,786				435,786		365,173
Special assessments		97,415		· –		97,415		6,215
Total deferred inflows of resources		1,755,132				1,755,132		1,588,053
Fund balances								
Nonspendable		19,031		-		19,031		16,289
Restricted		3,643		95,519		99,162		85,334
Committed		225,198		-		225,198		352,345
Assigned		40,000		-		40,000		40,000
Unassigned		923,105		-		923,105		989,569
Total fund balances		1,210,977		95,519		1,306,496		1,483,537
Total liabilities, deferred inflows								
of resources, and fund balances		3,099,562	\$	97,467	\$	3,197,029	\$	3,284,414

BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2019 WITH SUMMARIZED FINANCIAL INFORMATION AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2018

RECONCILIATION TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION	2019		2018		
Total fund balances as shown on previous page	\$	1,306,496	\$	1,483,537	
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:					
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not current financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.		4,776,663		5,062,109	
Other long-term assets are not available to pay current period expenditures and therefore are deferred in the funds.		97,415		6,215	
Some deferred outflows and inflows of resources reflect changes in long-term liabilities and are not reported in the funds.  Deferred outflows related to pensions  Deferred inflows related to pensions		89,192 (47,686)		44,787 (46,353)	
Long-term assets are not considered available and; therefore, are not reported in the funds.  Net pension asset		-		22,724	
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.  Notes payable  Net pension liability		(480,000) (32,987)		(600,000)	
Net position of governmental activities as reported on the statement of net position (see page 4)	_\$	5,709,093	_\$	5,973,019	

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES
GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019
WITH SUMMARIZED FINANCIAL INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

	General		Other ernmental	Totals				
			 Funds	2019		2018		
REVENUES								
Taxes	\$	1,216,930	\$ -	\$	1,216,930	\$	1,069,354	
Special assessments		172,515	-		172,515		9,986	
Intergovernmental		252,697	_		252,697		196,160	
Licenses and permits		114,228	-		114,228		112,690	
Public charges for services		379,848	10,605		390,453		378,781	
Miscellaneous		59,296	28,571		87,867		65,724	
Total revenues		2,195,514	39,176		2,234,690		1,832,695	
EXPENDITURES								
Current								
General government		357,848	-		357,848		357,009	
Public safety		367,420	25,659		393,079		388,891	
Public works		1,234,155	-		1,234,155		970,390	
Health and human services		2,748	=		2,748		2,775	
Culture and recreation		29,310	-		29,310		70,608	
Conservation and development		18,740	-		18,740		33,555	
Debt service								
Principal		120,000	-		120,000		_	
Interest and fiscal charges		17,885			17,885		1,633	
Capital outlay		237,966	_		237,966		804,951	
Total expenditures		2,386,072	25,659		2,411,731		2,629,812	
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures	<del></del>	(190,558)	 13,517		(177,041)	k	(797,117)	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Long-term debt issued		-	-		-		600,000	
Transfers in		=	=		=		25,000	
Transfers out	-	-	 				(25,000)	
Total other financing sources (uses)			 		-	3	600,000	
Net change in fund balances		(190,558)	13,517		(177,041)		(197,117)	
Fund balances - January 1		1,401,535	 82,002		1,483,537		1,680,654	
Fund balances - December 31	\$	1,210,977	\$ 95,519	\$	1,306,496	. \$	1,483,537	

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019
WITH SUMMARIZED FINANCIAL INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

	2019			2018		
RECONCILIATION TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES	***************************************					
Net change in fund balances as shown on previous page	\$	(177,041)	\$	(197,117)		
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:						
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense.	,					
Capital assets reported as capital outlay in governmental fund statements Depreciation expense reported in the statement of activities		187,336 (472,782)		978,842 (456,646)		
Governmental funds do not present revenues that are not available to pay current obligations. In contrast, such revenues are reported in the statement of activities when earned.		91,200		(9,985)		
Debt issued provides current financial resources to governmental funds, but issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the statement of net position.  Repayment of bond principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position.						
Long-term debt issued Principal repaid		120,000		(600,000) -		
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds:						
Net pension asset		(22,724)		22,724		
Net pension liability		(32,987)		4,245		
Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions		44,405 (1,333)		5,820 (32,957)		
Deserted littlows of resources related to pensions		(1,555)		(32,937)		
Change in net position of governmental activities as reported in the statement of activities (see pages 5 - 6)	¢	(263,926)	¢	(285,074)		
statement of activities (see pages 5 %)	_ +	(203,320)	<u> </u>	( <u>L</u> UJ,U1+1)		

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019
WITH COMPARATIVE ACTUAL AMOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

		P	<b>1</b> 4				Final	ariance Budget -		2010
		Bud Original	Budget Final		Actual		Positive (Negative)		2018 Actual	
REVENUES		<u> </u>		7 7772		110100.		-9-11, -7		
Taxes	\$	1,216,665	\$	1,216,665	\$	1,216,930	\$	265	\$	1,069,354
Special assessments		230,215		230,215		172,515		(57,700)		9,986
Intergovernmental		255,322		255,322		252,697		(2,625)		196,160
Licenses and permits		105,860		105,860		114,228		8,368		112,690
Public charges for services		331,200		331,200		379,848		48,648		367,291
Intergovernmental charges										
for services		1,000		1,000				(1,000)		<u>.</u>
Miscellaneous		29,342		29,342		59,296		29,954		45,493
Total revenues		2,169,604		2,169,604		2,195,514		25,910		1,800,974
EXPENDITURES										
Current		201 220		201 220		257.040		22 272		257,000
General government Public safety		391,220 381,053		391,220 381,053		357,848 367,420		33,372 13,633		357,009 371,352
Public works		1,319,130		1,319,130		1,234,155		84,975		970,390
Health and human services		5,700		5,700		2,748		2,952		2,775
Culture and recreation		57,520		57,520		29,310		28,210		70,608
Conservation and development		56,220		56,220		18,740		37,480		33,555
Debt service		30,220		30,220		10,7 10		577100		33,333
Principal		120,000		120,000		120,000		_		_
Interest and fiscal charges		18,083		18,083		17,885		198		1,633
Capital outlay		438,853		438,853		237,966		200,887		804,951
Total expenditures		2,787,779		2,787,779		2,386,072		401,707		2,612,273
Excess of revenues over (under)										
expenditures		(618,175)		(618,175)		(190,558)		427,617		(811,299)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES										
Long-term debt issued		-		-		-		-		600,000
Transfers in		-								25,000
Total other financing sources		_	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	<u>.</u>						625,000
Net change in fund balance		(618,175)		(618,175)		(190,558)		427,617		(186,299)
Fund balance - January 1		1,401,535		1,401,535		1,401,535		-	***************************************	1,587,834
Fund balance - December 31	_\$	783,360	\$	783,360	<u>\$</u>	1,210,977	\$	427,617	\$	1,401,535

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUND DECEMBER 31, 2019 WITH COMPARATIVE AMOUNTS AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2018

	Custodial Fund		
	2019	2018	
ASSETS			
Cash and investments	\$ 7,052,707	\$ 6,491,854	
LIABILITIES			
Due to other governments	7,052,707	6,491,854	
NET POSITION			
Total net position	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>	

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019 WITH COMPARATIVE AMOUNTS AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2018

	Custodial Fund			nd
	2019 2018			2018
ADDITIONS  Taxes and special charges collected	\$	9,658,295	\$	8,905,557
DEDUCTOINS Payments to other taxing districts		9,658,295		8,905,557
Change in net position		-		-
Net position - January 1		_		
Net position - December 31	\$		\$	_

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2019

#### NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The basic financial statements of the Town of Algoma, Winnebago County, Wisconsin (the "Town"), have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to government units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The significant accounting principles and policies utilized by the Town are described below:

#### A. REPORTING ENTITY

The Town is a municipal corporation governed by an elected five member board. In accordance with GAAP, the basic financial statements are required to include the Town and any separate component units that have a significant operational or financial relationship with the Town. The Town has not identified any component units that are required to be included in the basic financial statements in accordance with standards.

#### B. GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the Town. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. *Governmental activities* are primarily supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function are offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. *Program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as *general revenues*.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Governmental funds include the general fund. The major individual governmental fund is reported as a separate column in the fund financial statements.

The Town reports the following major governmental fund:

### General Fund

This is the Town's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those accounted for in another fund.

The Town also reports the following fiduciary fund:

#### **Custodial Fund**

The custodial fund accounts for property taxes and specials collected on behalf of other governments. These amounts were recorded in an agency fund in prior years. Due to the implementation of GASB 84, *Fiduciary Activities*, the presentation and reporting has been adjusted to meet the requirements of the new standard and are presented in a custodial fund.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2019

### C. MEASUREMENT FOCUS AND BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement focus* and the *accrual basis of accounting*, as are the fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenues as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources measurement focus* and the *modified accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be *available* when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the Town considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Revenues susceptible to accrual include intergovernmental grants, intergovernmental charges for services, public charges for services and interest. Other revenues such as licenses and permits, fines and forfeits and miscellaneous revenues are recognized when received in cash or when measurable and available.

Amounts reported as *program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, and fees and fines, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions. Internally dedicated resources are reported as *general revenues* rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

### D. ASSETS, LIABILITIES, DEFERRED OUTFLOWS/INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND NET POSITION OR FUND BALANCE

#### Cash and Investments

Cash and investments are combined in the financial statements. Cash deposits consist of demand and time deposits with financial institutions and are carried at cost. Investments are stated at fair value. Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date.

### Property Taxes and Special Charges/Receivable

Property taxes and special charges consist of taxes on real estate and personal property and user charges assessed against Town properties. They are levied during December of the prior year and become an enforceable lien on property the following January 1. Property taxes are payable in various options depending on the type and amount. Personal property taxes and special charges are payable on or before January 31 in full. Real estate taxes are payable in full by January 31 or in two equal installments on or before January 31 and July 31. Real estate taxes not paid by January 31 are purchased by the County as part of the February tax settlement. Delinquent personal property taxes remain the collection responsibility of the Town. Special charges not paid by January 31 are held in trust by the County and remitted to the Town, including interest, when collected by the County.

In addition to its levy, the Town also levies and collects taxes for the School District of Omro, Oshkosh Area School District, Winnebago County, Fox Valley Technical College and Algoma Sanitary District #1.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2019

#### 3. Accounts Receivable

Accounts receivable are recorded at gross amounts with uncollectible amounts recognized under the direct write-off method. No allowance for uncollectible accounts has been provided since it is believed that the amount of such allowance would not be material to the basic financial statements.

### 4. Special Assessments

Assessments against property owners for public improvements are generally not subject to full settlement in the year levied. Special assessments are placed on tax rolls on an installment basis. Revenue from special assessments recorded in governmental funds is recognized as collections are made or as current installments are placed on tax rolls. (Installments placed on the 2019 tax roll are recognized as revenue in 2020.) Special assessments are subject to collection procedures.

### 5. Interfund Receivables and Payables

During the course of operations, numerous transactions occur between individual funds for goods provided or services rendered. These receivables and payables are classified as "due from other funds" and "due to other funds" in the fund financial statements.

#### 6. Prepaid Items

Payments made to vendors that will benefit periods beyond the end of the current fiscal year are recorded as prepaid items and are accounted for on the consumption method.

Prepaid items of governmental funds in the fund financial statements are classified as nonspendable fund balance to indicate that they do not represent spendable available financial resources.

### 7. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets, are reported in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the Town as assets with an initial, individual cost of \$10,000 or higher and an estimated useful life in excess of a year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated acquisition value at the date of donation. General infrastructure assets acquired prior to January 1, 2004 are not reported in the basic financial statements.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized.

Capital assets of the Town are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

	Governmental Activities
Assets	Years
Land improvements	15 - 40
Buildings	40
Equipment and vehicles	15
Infrastructure	15

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2019

### 8. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

Deferred outflows of resources are a consumption of net position by the government that is applicable to a future reporting period. Deferred inflows of resources are an acquisition of net position by the government that is applicable to a future reporting period. The recognition of those outflows and inflows as expenses or expenditures and revenues are deferred until the future periods to which the outflows and inflows are applicable.

Governmental funds may report deferred inflows of resources for unavailable revenues. The Town reports unavailable revenues for special assessments. These inflows are recognized as revenues in the government-wide financial statements.

### 9. Long-term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are expensed as incurred.

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

### 10. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability (asset), deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Wisconsin Retirement System (WRS) and additions to/deductions from WRS' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by WRS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

### 11. Fund Equity

### Governmental Fund Financial Statements

Fund balance of governmental funds is reported in various categories based on the nature of any limitations requiring the use of resources for specific purposes. The following classifications describe the relative strength of the spending constraints placed on the purposes for which resources can be used:

- Nonspendable fund balance. Amounts that are not in spendable form (such as inventory, prepaid items, or long-term receivables) or are legally or contractually required to remain intact.
- ▶ Restricted fund balance. Amounts that are constrained for specific purposes by external parties (such as grantor or bondholders), through constitutional provisions, or by enabling legislation.

# NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2019

- ▶ Committed fund balance. Amounts that are constrained for specific purposes by action of the Town Board. These constraints can only be removed or changed by the Town Board using the same action that was used to create them.
- Assigned fund balance. Amounts that are constrained for specific purposes by action of Town management. The Town Board has not authorized an employee to assign fund balance. Residual amounts in any governmental fund, other than the General Fund, are also reported as assigned.
- Unassigned fund balance. Amounts that are available for any purpose. Positive unassigned amounts are only reported in the General Fund.

The Town has not adopted a fund balance spend-down policy regarding the order in which fund balance will be utilized. When a policy does not specify the spend-down policy, GASB Statement No. 54 indicates that restricted funds would be spent first, followed by committed funds, and then assigned funds. Unassigned funds would be spent last.

#### Government-Wide Statements

Equity is classified as net position and displayed in three components:

- ▶ Net investment in capital assets. Amount of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, and capital related deferred outflows of resources less outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes, or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets and any capital related deferred inflows of resources.
- ▶ Restricted net position. Amount of net position that is subject to restrictions that are imposed by 1) external groups, such as creditors, grantors, contributors or laws or regulations of other governments or 2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- Unrestricted net position. Net position that is neither classified as restricted nor as net investment in capital assets.

### E. USE OF ESTIMATES

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

### NOTE 2: STEWARDSHIP AND COMPLIANCE

### A. BUDGETS AND BUDGETARY ACCOUNTING

The Town follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the basic financial statements:

1. Prior to November 15, the Town Board reviews a proposed operating budget for the calendar year commencing the following January 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them. A public hearing is held to obtain taxpayer comments. Following the public hearing, the proposed budget, including authorized additions and deletions, is legally enacted by Town Board action.

# NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2019

- 2. Budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America for the general fund. Budget is defined as the originally approved budget plus or minus approved amendments. Individual amendments throughout the year were not material in relation to the original budget. Budget appropriations not expended during the year are closed to fund balance unless authorized by the governing body to be forwarded into the succeeding year's budget.
- 3. During the year, formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device for the general fund.
- 4. Expenditures may not exceed appropriations by major departmental classifications. Amendments to the budget during the year can only be made by the Town Board.
- 5. Encumbrance accounting is not used by the Town to record commitments related to unperformed contracts for goods or services.

The Town did not have any material violation of legal or contractual provisions for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2019.

### **B. PROPERTY TAX LEVY LIMIT**

Wisconsin state statutes provide for a limit on the property tax levies for all Wisconsin cities, villages, towns and counties. For the 2019 and 2020 budget years, Wisconsin Statutes limit the increase in the maximum allowable tax levy to the change in the Town's January 1 equalized value as a result of net new construction. The actual limit for the Town for the 2019 budget was 1.19%. The actual limit for the Town for the 2020 budget was 0.88%. Debt service for debt authorized after July 1, 2005 is exempt from the levy limit. In addition, Wisconsin statutes allow the limit to be adjusted for the increase in debt service authorized prior to July 1, 2005 and in certain other situations.

### NOTE 3: DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS

### A. CASH AND INVESTMENTS

The Town maintains various cash and investment accounts, including pooled funds that are available for use by all funds. Each fund's portion of these accounts is displayed on the financial statements as "Cash and investments".

Invested cash consists of deposits and investments that are restricted by Wisconsin Statutes to the following:

Time deposits; repurchase agreements; securities issued by federal, state and local governmental entities; statutorily authorized commercial paper and corporate securities; and the Wisconsin local government investment pool.

The carrying amount of the Town's cash and investments totaled \$9,448,818 on December 31, 2019 as summarized below:

Petty cash and cash on hand \$ 170
Deposits with financial institutions 9,445,505
Beneficial interest in investments held by Community Foundation \$ 9,448,818

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2019

Reconciliation to the basic financial statements:		
Government-wide Statement of Net Position		
Cash and investments	\$ 2,296,013	
Restricted cash and investments	100,098	
Fiduciary Fund Statement of Net Position		
Agency fund	7,052,707_	
	\$ 9,448,818	

#### Fair Value Measurements

The Town categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs. The Town has the following fair value measurements as of December 31, 2019:

	Fair Value Measurements Using:					
	Level 1 Level 2 Level 3					
Investments						
Beneficial interest in investments held by						
Community Foundation	\$		\$		\$	3,143

Deposits and investments of the Town are subject to various risks. Presented below is a discussion of the Town's deposits and investments and the related risks.

### **Custodial Credit Risk**

Custodial credit risk for *deposits* is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, a government will not be able to recover its deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The custodial credit risk for *investments* is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty (e.g., broker-dealer) to a transaction, a government will not be able to recover the value of its investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of another party. Wisconsin statutes require repurchase agreements to be fully collateralized by bonds or securities issued or guaranteed by the federal government or its instrumentalities. The Town does not have an additional custodial credit policy.

Deposits with financial institutions within the State of Wisconsin are insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) in the amount of \$250,000 for the combined amount of all time and savings deposits and \$250,000 for interest-bearing and noninterest-bearing demand deposits per official custodian per insured depository institution. Deposits with financial institutions located outside the State of Wisconsin are insured by the FDIC in the amount of \$250,000 for the combined amount of all deposit accounts per official custodian per depository institution. Deposits with credit unions are insured by the National Credit Union Share Insurance Fund (NCUSIF) in the amount of \$250,000 per credit union member. Also, the State of Wisconsin has a State Guarantee Fund which provides a maximum of \$400,000 per public depository above the amount provided by an agency of the U.S. Government. However, due to the relatively small size of the State Guarantee Fund in relation to the Fund's total coverage, total recovery of insured losses may not be available. This coverage has been considered in determining custodial credit risk.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2019

As of December 31, 2019, \$8,226,972 of the Town's deposits with financial institutions were in excess of federal and state depository insurance. The entire balance was collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution or its trust department or agent in the Town's name.

### Beneficial Interest in Investments Held by Community Foundation

Beneficial interest in investments held by Community Foundation represents amounts held at the Oshkosh Area Community Foundation, Inc. The purpose of this funding is primarily to pay expenditures of the Town of Algoma Jones Park project. These investments are the legal assets of the Foundation, and the Foundation has explicit authority to redirect the assets of the Fund.

### **B. RESTRICTED ASSETS**

Restricted assets on December 31, 2019 totaled \$100,098 and consisted of cash and investments held for the following purposes:

Fund	Amount	Purpose
General Fund	•	
Park equipment	\$ 500	To be used for the purchase of a park bench
Park improvements	3,143	To account for donations received for Jones Park improvements
Total General Fund	3,643	
Special Revenue Funds .		
Park improvements	61,042	To account for park impact fees collected for park improvements
Fire department	28,083	To account for fire department fundraisers and donations to be used for fire department expenditures
First responders	7,330	To account for first responder fundraisers and donations to be used for first responder expenditures
Total Special Revenue Funds	96,455	
Total	\$ 100,098	

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2019

### C. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended December 31, 2019 was as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balance
Governmental activities: Capital assets, nondepreciable: Land Construction in progress	\$ 341,740 176,683	\$ - 135,635	\$ -	\$ 341,740 312,318
Total capital assets, nondepreciable	518,423	135,635	_	654,058
Capital assets, depreciable: Land improvements	1,236,918	51,701	_	1,288,619
Buildings and improvements	490,174	51,701	=	490,174
Machinery and equipment	991,179	_	-	991,179
Infrastructure	5,803,492			5,803,492
Subtotals	8,521,763	51,701	-	8,573,464
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Land improvements	89,552	33,329	~	122,881
Buildings and improvements	298,191	12,471	-	310,662
Machinery and equipment	829,020	40,083	-	869,103
Infrastructure	2,761,314	386,899	-	3,148,213
Subtotals	3,978,077	472,782	-	4,450,859
Total capital assets, depreciable, net	4,543,686	(421,081)		4,122,605
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 5,062,109	\$ (285,446)	\$ -	4,776,663
Less: Capital related debt				480,000
Net investment in capital assets				\$ 4,296,663

Depreciation expense was charged to functions of the Town as follows:

Governmental activities	
General government	\$ 3,845
Public safety	46,708
Public works	394,332
Culture and recreation	 27,897
Total depreciation expense - governmental activities	\$ 472,782

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

**DECEMBER 31, 2019** 

### D. INTERFUND RECEIVABLE AND PAYABLES

Interfund receivables and payables between individual funds of the Town, as reported in the fund financial statements, as of December 31, 2019 are detailed below:

	 Interfund Receivables		erfund yables
Operating accounts between funds			
Governmental Funds			
General	\$ -	\$	1,012
Nonmajor - Fire	 1,012		-
Total	\$ 1,012	\$	1,012

### E. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

The following is a summary of changes in long-term obligations of the Town for the year ended December 31, 2019:

	Beginning Balance	lssued	Retired	Ending Balance	Due Within One Year
Governmental activities: General obligation debt Notes from direct borrowings					
and direct placements	\$ 600,000		\$ 120,000	\$ 480,000	\$ 120,000

Total interest paid during the year on long-term debt totaled \$17,885.

### General Obligation Debt

General obligation debt currently outstanding is detailed as follows:

	Date of	Final	Interest	Original	Balance
	lssue	_Maturity_	Rates	Indebtedness	12/31/19
General obligation note	4/1/18	3/31/23	3.50%	\$ 600,000	\$ 480,000

Annual principal and interest maturities of the outstanding general obligation debt of \$480,000 on December 31, 2019 are detailed below:

Year Ended		Direct borrowing				
December 31,	Principal			nterest		
2020	\$	120,000	\$	13,872		
2021		120,000		9,567		
2022		120,000		5,308		
2023		120,000		1,050		
	\$	480,000	\$	29,797		

The Town's outstanding note from direct borrowing and direct placements of \$480,000 contain a provision that in an event of default, outstanding amounts become immediately due if the Town is unable to make a payment.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2019

### Legal Margin for New Debt

The Town's legal margin for creation of additional general obligation debt on December 31, 2019 was \$35,432,960 as follows:

Equalized valuation of the Town	\$ 718,259,200
Statutory limitation percentage	 (x) 5%
General obligation debt limitation, per Section 67.03 of the	
Wisconsin Statutes	35,912,960
Total outstanding general obligation debt applicable to debt limitation	480 <u>,000</u>
Legal margin for new debt	\$ 35,432,960

### F. PENSION PLAN

### 1. Plan Description

The WRS is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer, defined benefit pension plan. WRS benefits and other plan provisions are established by Chapter 40 of the Wisconsin Statutes. Benefit terms may only be modified by the legislature. The retirement system is administered by the Wisconsin Department of Employee Trust Funds (ETF). The system provides coverage to all eligible State of Wisconsin, local government and other public employees. All employees, initially employed by a participating WRS employer on or after July 1, 2011, and expected to work at least 1200 hours a year (880 hours for teachers and school district educational support employees) and expected to be employed for at least one year from employee's date of hire are eligible to participate in the WRS.

ETF issues a standalone Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR), which can be found at http://etf.wi.gov/publications/cafr.htm.

For employees beginning participation on or after January 1, 1990, and no longer actively employed on or after April 24, 1998, creditable service in each of five years is required for eligibility for a retirement annuity. Participants employed prior to 1990 and on or after April 24, 1998, and prior to July 1, 2011, are immediately vested. Participants who initially became WRS eligible on or after July 1, 2011, must have five years of creditable service to be vested.

Employees who retire at or after age 65 (54 for protective occupation employees, 62 for elected officials and executive service retirement plan participants, if hired on or before December 31, 2016) are entitled to a retirement benefit based on a formula factor, their final average earnings, and creditable service.

Final average earnings is the average of the participant's three highest earnings periods. Creditable service includes current service and prior service for which a participant received earnings and made contributions as required. Creditable service also includes creditable military service. The retirement benefit will be calculated as a money purchase benefit based on the employee's contributions plus matching employer's contributions, with interest, if that benefit is higher than the formula benefit.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2019

Vested participants may retire at or after age 55 (50 for protective occupations) and receive an actuarially-reduced benefit. Participants terminating covered employment prior to eligibility for an annuity may either receive employee-required contributions plus interest as a separation benefit or leave contributions on deposit and defer application until eligible to receive a retirement benefit.

The WRS also provides death and disability benefits for employees.

### Post-Retirement Adjustments

The Employee Trust Funds Board may periodically adjust annuity payments from the retirement system based on annual investment performance in accordance with s. 40.27, Wis. Stat. An increase (or decrease) in annuity payments may result when investment gains (losses), together with other actuarial experience factors, create a surplus (shortfall) in the reserves, as determined by the system's consulting actuary. Annuity increases are not based on cost of living or other similar factors. For Core annuities, decreases may be applied only to previously granted increases. By law, Core annuities cannot be reduced to an amount below the original, guaranteed amount (the "floor") set at retirement. The Core and Variable annuity adjustments granted during recent years are as follows:

Year	Core Fund Adjustment	Variable Fund Adjustment
2009	(2.1)	(42)
2010	(1.3)	22
2011	(1.2)	11
2012	(7.0)	(7)
2013	(9.6)	9
2014	4.7	25
2015	2.9	2
2016	0.5	(5)
2017	2.0	4
2018	2.4	17

### Contributions

Required contributions are determined by an annual actuarial valuation in accordance with Chapter 40 of the TowWisconsin Statutes. The employee required contribution is one-half of the actuarially determined contribution rate for general category employees, including teachers, and executives and elected officials. Starting on January 1, 2016, the executives and elected officials category was merged into the general employee category. Required contributions for protective employees are the same rate as general employees. Employers are required to contribute the remainder of the actuarially determined contribution rate. The employer may not pay the employee required contribution unless provided for by an existing collective bargaining agreement.

During the year ending December 31, 2019, the WRS recognized \$9,430 in contributions from the Town.

Contribution rates for the reporting period are:

Employee Category	<u>Employee</u>	<u>Employer</u>
General (including teachers, executives, and elected officials)	6.7%	6.7%
Protective with Social Security	6.7%	10.7%
Protective without Social Security	6.7%	14.9%

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2019

# 4. Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At December 31, 2019, the Town reported a liability of \$32,987 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of December 31, 2018, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2017 rolled forward to December 31, 2018. No material changes in assumptions or benefit terms occurred between the actuarial valuation date and the measurement date. The Town's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the Town's share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all participating employers. At December 31, 2018, the Town's proportion was 0.00092722%, which was an increase of 0.00016186% from its proportion measured as of December 31, 2017.

For the year ended December 31, 2019, the Town recognized pension expense of \$22,095.

At December 31, 2019, the Town reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred of Res	Outflows ources	 ed Inflows sources
Differences between expected and actual experience Net differences between projected and actual	\$	25,691	\$ 45,413
earnings on pension plan investments		48,177	
Changes in assumptions		5,560	-
Changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share			
of contributions		334	2,273
Employer contributions subsequent to the			
measurement date		9,430	 
Total	\$	89,192	\$ 47,686

\$9,430 reported as deferred outflows related to pension resulting from the Town's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability (asset) in the year ended December 31, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended		
December 31,	E	xpense
2020	\$	11,936
2021		2,455
2022		4,739
2023		12,946
Total	\$	32,076

# NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2019

### 5. Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability in the December 31, 2018, actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Actuarial Valuation Date:

Measurement Date of Net Pension Liability:

Actuarial Cost Method:

Asset Valuation Method:

Long-term Expected Rate of Return:

Discount Rate:

Salary Increases:

Inflation Seniority/Merit

Mortality
Post-retirement Adjustments\*

December 31, 2017

December 31, 2018

Entry Age

Fair Market Value

7.0% 7.0%

3.0%

0.1% - 5.6%

Wisconsin 2018 Mortality Table

1.9%

No post-retirement adjustment is guaranteed. Actual adjustments are based on recognized investment return, actuarial experience and other factors. 1.9% is the assumed annual adjustment based on the investment return assumption and the post-retirement discount rate.

Actuarial assumptions are based upon an experience study conducted in 2018 that covered a three-year period from January 1, 2015 to December 31, 2017. Based on this experience study, actuarial assumptions used to measure the Total Pension Liability changed from prior year, including the discount rate, long-term expected rate of return, post-retirement adjustment, wage inflation rate, mortality and separation rates. The Total Pension Liability for December 31, 2018 is based upon a roll-forward of the liability calculated from the December 31, 2017 actuarial valuation.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2019

Long-term Expected Return on Plan Assets. The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

	Current Asset Allocation %	Long-term Expected Nominal <u>Rate of Return %</u>	Long-term Expected Real Rate of Return %
Core Fund Asset Class			F F0/
Global equities	49%	8.1%	5.5%
Fixed income	24.5%	4.0%	1.5%
Inflation sensitive assets	15.5%	3.8%	1.3%
Real estate	9%	6.5%	3.9%
Private equity/debt	8%	9.4%	6.7%
Multi-asset	4%	6.7%	4.1%
Total Core Fund	110%	7.3%	4.7%
Variable Fund Asset Class			
U.S. equities	70%	7.6%	5.0%
International equities	30%	8.5%	5.9%
Total Variable Fund	100%	8.0%	5.4%

New England Pension Consultants Long Term US CPI (Inflation) Forecast: 2.5%

Asset Allocations are managed within established ranges, target percentages may differ from actual monthly allocations

Single Discount Rate. A single discount rate of 7.0% was used to measure the total pension asset. This single discount rate was based on the expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 7.0% and a long-term bond rate of 3.71%. Because of the unique structure of WRS, the 7.0% expected rate of return implies that a dividend of approximately 1.9% will always be paid. For purposes of the single discount rate, it was assumed that the dividend would always be paid. The projection of cash flows used to determine this single discount rate assumed that plan members contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments (including expected dividends) of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2019

Sensitivity of the Town's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the Town's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) calculated using the discount rate of 7.0 percent, as well as what the Town's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.0 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.0 percent) than the current rate:

	Disc	ecrease to count Rate (6,0%)	Disc	Current count Rate (7.0%)	1% Increase to Discount Rate (8.0%)	
Town's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$	131,096	\$	32,987	\$	(39,963)

Pension plan fiduciary net position. Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in separately issued financial statements available at http://etf.wi.gov/publications/cafr.htm.

### 6. Payables to the Pension Plan

At December 31, 2019, the Town did not report a payable for the outstanding amount of contributions to the pension plan for the year ended December 31, 2019.

### G. FUND EQUITY

### Nonspendable Fund Balance

In the fund financial statements, portions of the governmental fund balances are amounts that cannot be spent because they are either 1) not in spendable form or 2) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. At December 31, 2019, nonspendable fund balance was as follows:

General Fund Nonspendable Prepaid items

\$ 19,031

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2019

### Restricted Fund Balance

In the fund financial statements, portions of governmental fund balances are not available for appropriation or are legally restricted for use for a specific purpose. At December 31, 2019, restricted fund balance was as follows:

General Fund	
Restricted for	
Park bench	\$ 500
Jones Park improvements	 3,143
Total General Fund Restricted Fund Balance	 3,643
Special Revenue Funds Restricted for	
Fire	27,147
First Responders	7,330
Dedication Fees	 61,042
Total Special Revenue Funds Restricted Fund Balance	95,519
Total Restricted Fund Balance	\$ 99,162

### Committed Fund Balance

In the fund financial statements, portions of government fund balances are committed by Town Board action. At December 31, 2019, General Fund balance was committed as follows:

General Fur	nd
-------------	----

Committed for	
Fire equipment	\$ 20,023
Park upgrades	11,322
Public works	 193,853
Total General Fund Committed Fund Balance	\$ 225,198

### Assigned Fund Balance

Portions of governmental fund balances have been assigned to represent tentative management plans that are subject to change. At December 31, 2019, fund balance was assigned as follows:

General Fund	
Assigned for revaluation	\$ 40,000

### Minimum General Fund Balance Policy

The Town has also adopted a minimum fund balance policy of 20% of budgeted operating expenditures for the subsequent year for the general fund. The minimum fund balance is maintained for cash flow and working capital purposes. The minimum fund balance amount is calculated as follows:

2020 Budgeted Operating Expenditures	\$ 2,698,896
Minimum Fund Balance %	(x) 20%
Minimum Fund Balance Amount	\$ 539,779

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2019

The Town's unassigned general fund balance of \$923,105 is above the minimum fund balance amount. The Town's unassigned fund balance includes \$257,886 of policy reserves and \$135,000 bank balance minimum requirement.

### Net Position

The Town reports restricted net position at December 31, 2019 as follows:

#### Governmental Activities

Restricted for	
Park bench	\$ 500
Jones Park improvements	3,143
Fire	27,147
First responders	7,330
Dedication fees	 61,042
Total Governmental Activities Restricted Net Position	\$ 99,162

### NOTE 4: OTHER INFORMATION

### A. RISK MANAGEMENT

The Town is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters for which the government carries commercial insurance. The Town completes an annual review of its insurance coverage to ensure adequate coverage. The Town has not made any reductions in insurance coverage from the prior year. The amount of actual settlements has not exceeded the insurance coverage amounts in any of the three most recent years.

### **B. CONTINGENCIES**

From time to time, the Town is party to other various pending claims and legal proceedings. Although the outcome of such matters cannot be forecast with certainty, it is the opinion of management and legal counsel that the likelihood is remote that any such claims or proceedings will have a material adverse effect on the Town's financial position or results of operations.

# REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY (ASSET) WISCONSIN RETIREMENT SYSTEM LAST 10 FISCAL YEARS

Plan Year Ending	Proportion of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)	Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)		Covered Payroll		Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability (Asset)	
12/31/14	0.00045656%	\$	(11,214)	\$	42,318	26.50%	102.74%	
12/31/15	0.00045378%		7,374		77,420	9.52%	98.20%	
12/31/16	0.00051505%		4,245		101,652	4.18%	99.12%	
12/31/17	0.00076536%		(22,724)		153,701	14.78%	102.93%	
12/31/18	0.00092722%		32,987		158,208	20.85%	96.45%	
	CONTRIBUTIONS FIREMENT SYSTEM YEARS							

Fiscal Year Ending	R	Contributions in Relation to the tractually Contractually Required Required Contributions			Contribution Deficiency (Excess)		· Covered Payroll		Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	
12/31/15	\$	5,265	\$	5,265	\$	_	\$	77,420	6.80%	
12/31/16		6,709		6,709		-		101,652	6.60%	
12/31/17		10,452		10,452		-		153,701	6.80%	
12/31/18		10,600		10,600		-		158,208	6.70%	2
12/31/19		9,430		9,430		-		143,969	6.55%	

### NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

There were no changes of benefit terms or assumptions for any participating employer in the WRS.

The amounts reported for each fiscal year were determined as of the calendar year-end that occurred within the prior fiscal year. The Town is required to present the last ten fiscal years of data; however accounting standards allow the presentation of as many years as are available until ten fiscal years are presented.

### SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET
NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
DECEMBER 31, 2019
WITH SUMMARIZED FINANCIAL INFORMATION AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2018

	Special Revenue						Totals			
	Fire		First Responders		Dedication Fees		2019		2018	
ASSETS Restricted cash and investments Due from other funds	\$	28,083 1,012	\$	7,330	\$	61,042	\$	96,455 1,012	\$	82,191 176
Total assets	<u>\$</u>	29,095	\$	7,330	\$	61,042	\$	97,467	_\$	82,367
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities Accounts payable	\$	1,948	_\$	_	_\$		_\$	1,948	\$	365
Fund balances Restricted		27,147		7,330		61,042		95,519		82,002
Total liabilities and fund balances	_\$	29,095	\$	7,330	\$	61,042	<u>\$</u>	97,467	\$	82,367

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019
WITH SUMMARIZED FINANCIAL INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

			al Revenue		Totals				
	Fire		First Responders		 dication Fees	2019		2018	
REVENUES Public charges for services Miscellaneous	\$	21,864	\$	5,441	\$ 10,605 1,266	\$	10,605 28,571	\$	11,490 20,231
Total revenues	<del></del>	21,864		5,441	11,871		39,176	<del></del>	31,721
EXPENDITURES  Current  Public safety	,	20,060		5,599	 <del></del>		25,659		17,539
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures	<del></del>	1,804		(158)	11,871	£	13,517		14,182
OTHER FINANCING USES Transfers out	<b>4</b>			<u>.</u>	-		-		(25,000)
Net change in fund balances		1,804		(158)	11,871		13,517		(10,818)
Fund balances - January 1		25,343		7,488	 49,171		82,002		92,820
Fund balances - December 31	\$	27,147	\$	7,330	\$ 61,042	<u>\$</u>	95,519	_\$	82,002

# ADDITIONAL INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT FOR BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS



Independent auditors' report on internal control over financial reporting and on compliance and other matters based on an audit of financial statements performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* 

To the Town Board Town of Algoma Winnebago County, Wisconsin

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Algoma, Winnebago County, Wisconsin (the "Town") as of and for the year ended December 31, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Town's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated April 8, 2020.

### INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Town's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the Town's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that have not been identified. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. We did identify a certain deficiency in internal control, described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses as item 2019-001 that we consider to be a significant deficiency.



#### COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Town's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under Government Auditing Standards

### TOWN OF ALGOMA'S RESPONSE TO FINDING

Clifton Larson Allen LLP

The Town's response to the finding identified in our audit is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses. The Town's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

### PURPOSE OF THIS REPORT

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Town's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

CliftonLarsonAllen LLP

Sheboygan, Wisconsin April 8, 2020

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

### SECTION I. INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING

FINDING NO.	CONTROL DEFICIENCIES								
2019-001	Preparation of Annual Financial Report Repeat of Finding 2018-001								
Type of Finding:	Significant Deficiency in Internal Control over Financial Reporting								
Condition:	Current Town staff maintains accounting records which reflect the Town's financial transactions; however, preparing the Town's annual financial report, including note disclosures, involves the selection and application of specific accounting principles which would require additional experience and knowledge. The Town contracts with us and our knowledge of applicable accounting principles, financial statement format, and note disclosures to assist in the preparation of the annual financial report in an efficient manner.								
Context:	The Town engages CliftonLarsonAllen, LLP (CLA) to assist in preparing its financial statements and accompanying disclosures. However, as independent auditors, CLA cannot be considered part of the Town's internal control system. As part of its internal control over preparation of its financial statements, including disclosures, the Town has implemented a comprehensive review procedure to ensure that the financial statements, including note disclosures, are complete and accurate. Such review procedures should be performed by an individual possessing a thorough understanding of accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America and knowledge of the Town's activities and operations.								
Criteria:	The preparation and review of the annual financial report by staff with expertise in financial reporting is an internal control intended to prevent, detect and correct a potential omission or misstatement in the financial statements or notes.								
Cause:	Town management has determined that the additional costs associated with training staff to become experienced in applicable accounting principles and note disclosures outweigh the derived benefits.								
Effect:	Without our involvement, the Town may not be able to completely prepare an annual financial report in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.								
Recommendation:	We recommend the Town continue reviewing the annual financial report. While it may not be cost beneficial to train additional staff to completely prepare the report, a thorough review of this information by appropriate staff of the Town is necessary to obtain a complete and adequate understanding of the Town's annual financial report.								
Management Response:	The Town Treasurer has reviewed and approved the annual financial report prior to issuance.								

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

### SECTION II. COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS

There are no findings related to compliance and other matters that are required to be reported under governmental auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America for the year ended December 31, 2019.